History One Page Policy (Primary Phase)



The History Curriculum at William Hulme's Grammar School provides children with the opportunity to build an understanding of periods in the past that have impacted on the way the world is today. Running through the curriculum are **three vertical concepts** that enable children to make connections between topics, developing their ability to work like a historian. These concepts are: **Quest for Knowledge, Power, Empire & Democracy and Community & Family.** Embedded within our history curriculum is the teaching of **local history**; opportunities to make links to local history are made where possible. Each topic also includes both **substantive and disciplinary knowledge** that will be built upon in subsequent year groups, and other subjects.

All learners are involved in experiences both inside and outside of the classroom to immerse them within their learning.

Knowledge organisers are used to develop children's understanding of key vocabulary, important dates and vertical concepts.

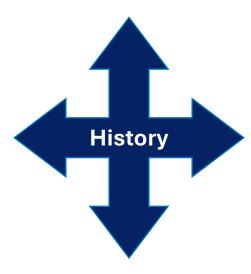
Teachers work to prevent,
identify and correct common
misconceptions through
prior-knowledge checks and
regular review of content.

Learners master core content through the development of key concepts and timely revisiting of key knowledge.

Tasks are **scaffolded** for learners to ensure the curriculum is ambitious for all.

The understanding of the UNCRC is developed through reference to appropriate articles relevant to the history curriculum.

We use the United Learning history scheme to support the gradual and coherent development of vertical concepts to provide firm foundations for KS3 and KS4



The explicit teaching of **oracy skills** are embedded into all

lessons throughout **the**curriculum to develop

confident speakers.

Teachers explicitly teach
disciplinary knowledge such as
the chronology of key events
and the validity of historical
evidence. This is then practised
alongside the substantive
knowledge, and regularly
reviewed and built upon.

Teachers make deliberate and explicit links to other curriculum areas (particularly geography and maths). To ensure a consistent approach, learners are always first taught content in the most relevant subject.

Contextual tier 2 and 3
vocabulary is embedded
throughout history lessons,
allowing children to explore their
meaning and make links to their
prior knowledge.

Teachers plan lessons to inspire pupils to be curious and fascinated about the world both past and present.

Artifacts are used where possible to practice **disciplinary skills** whilst developing curious and inquisitive historians.



Outcome: Learners see themselves as historians

