## Primary Phase Long Term Plan

## Maths

## Overview

There are six key principles that shape our curriculum intent in Maths, these are:
Entitlement- every pupil has the right to learn all aspects of the curriculum.
Coherence- learning is built upon term by term, as well as year-on-year.
Adaptability- our curriculum is adapted, where necessary, to suit the needs or interests of our pupils.
Representation- a diverse and inclusive curriculum is provided, in which pupils see themselves.
Mastery- providing depth to learning.
Education with Character- opportunities to nurture pupils Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural (SMSC) needs are created- where possible.
The Maths curriculum at William Hulme's Grammar School provides children with the opportunity to build an understanding of different areas of Mathematics. The key areas are Number, Measurement, Geometry and Statistics. Each year, children are introduced to new concepts within the key areas of learning to deepen their understanding. Within each unit, children follow a small steps approach to gain a full understanding of every topic. Our aim is for children to develop number sense so that they can choose the appropriate written or mental method to solve a problem. Children will develop fluency, reasoning and problem-solving skills in order to achieve mastery in each area. Fluency involves children using the most appropriate method in order to complete a task. Reasoning involves children being able to explain how to reach the correct answer to different mathematical problems. Finally, problem solving involves children applying their knowledge and skills in different contexts.

The ambition our maths curriculum is for all pupils to achieve the year-by-year expectations outlined in the curriculum. That is, that all pupils are taught the full content of the curriculum and that with reference to the key performance indicators outlined for each year group, all pupils are taught to achieve these. Our maths curriculum follows a mastery approach. Mastery means that pupils should be able to recall and apply what they have learnt at another point in the future rather than just at the time they first meet an idea or technique. Achievements throughout the year contribute to evidence of mastery by the end of the year.
Our curriculum is based on the White Rose scheme of learning which we use as a basis for all our planning.

Teachers assess the progress of children daily using formative assessment techniques. In addition, pre-learning tasks and post-learning tasks are used to assess children knowledge at the start and the end of each unit. Summative PUMA tests are used once a term to identify gaps in pupils' knowledge.

Topics covered within each key area of learning:

| Number | Measurement | Geometry | Statistics |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Place Value | Length and Height | Seight and Volume | Shape |
| Addition and Subtraction | Mosition and Direction |  | Study |
| Multiplication and Division | Money |  |  |
| Fractions | Time |  |  |
| Decimals | Mass and Capacity | Temperature |  |
| Percentages | Area and Perimeter <br> Algebra | Converting Units of Measurement |  |
| Ratio |  |  |  |

## Early Years

|  | Nursery | Reception | Assessment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Using the UL EYFS Framework <br> Unit: Marvellous me <br> Area of Learning: Number <br> Overview: Sort objects according to colour size and shape and subitise small groups of objects <br> Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure <br> Overview: Make comparisons based on size and length <br> Using the UL EYFS Framework <br> Unit: It's Getting Cold Outside <br> Area of Learning: Number <br> Overview: Recite numbers to 5 and match number of objects to numerals <br> Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure <br> Overview: Selecting shapes appropriately and understanding position through words alone <br> Using the UL EYFS Framework <br> Unit: Cold and Special Days <br> Area of Learning: Number <br> Overview: Says numbers in order and reciting numbers beyond <br> 5. Finding patterns around them <br> Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure <br> Overview: Comparing objects related to size, length, weight and capacity. Exploring properties of 2D shapes | Using the UL EYFS Framework <br> Unit: Me and My World <br> Area of Learning: Number <br> Overview: Identify representations of 1,2 and 3 and match names to numerals and quantities. Explore $A B$ patterns <br> Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure <br> Overview: Compare and order objects according to their size <br> Using the UL EYFS Framework <br> Unit: My Heroes and Standing Ovation <br> Area of Learning: Number <br> Overview: Recognise sets of 4 and 5 objects by counting or subitising. Explore 1 more and 1 less of numbers to 5 <br> Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure <br> Overview: Recognise circles, triangles, squares and rectangles in everyday objects and describe their properties | Assessments carried out through daily observations based on the Early Years Framework. |

## Using the UL EYFS Framework

## Unit: On the Move

Area of Learning: Number
Overview: Counting sets of objects up to 5 , matching objects to numerals and using the ABAB patter

## Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure

Overview: Talk about and explore 3D shapes. Use time sequencing words (first, next) and use positional language.

Using the UL EYFS Framework

## Unit: Castles, Knights and Dragons

Area of Learning: Number
Overview: Explore the composition of 4 and 5, introduce zero and compare numbers to 5 . Recognise 6,7 and 8 by counting and subitising.

Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure
Overview: Compare mass using appropriate vocabulary and compare the capacity of different containers

## Unit: Spring in Our Step

Area of Learning: Number
Overview: Recognise and represent 9 and 10. Compare numbers to 10 and explore number bonds to 10. Explore repeating patterns.

Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure

Overview: Select, rotate and manipulate shapes. Compare length, weight and capacity. Use 'yesterday, today and tomorrow' to sequence events

Assessments carried out through daily observations based on the Early Years Framework.

|  | Nursery | Reception | Assessment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Using the UL EYFS Framework <br> Unit: Once Upon a Time <br> Area of Learning: Number <br> Overview: Solve real world problems with numbers up to 5 , compare numbers using more than and less than and quickly recognise 3 objects without having to count them individually. <br> Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure <br> Overview: Make comparisons related to weight and capacity, sequence events using words such as 'first' and 'then'. | Using the UL EYFS Framework <br> Unit Where We Live <br> Area of Learning: Number <br> Overview: Counting beyond 10 and identify numbers beyond <br> 20. Add by counting on and subtract by taking away objects. <br> Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure <br> Overview: Rotating shapes, matching shape arrangements and combining shapes to make new shapes | Assessments carried out through daily observations based on the Early Years Framework. |
|  | Using the UL EYFS Framework <br> Area of Learning: Number <br> Overview: Extend and create ABAB patterns, count on fingers up to 5 , experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. <br> Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure <br> Overview: Make comparisons related to size, length, weight and capacity | Using the UL EYFS Framework <br> Unit: Science Detectives <br> Area of Learning: Number <br> Overview: Recall number bonds to 10, doubling, and use objects to make equal groups. Recognise odds and evens. Continue, copy and create repeating patterns. <br> Area of Learning: Shape, Space Measure <br> Overview: Use positional language to describe where objects are. |  |

## Year 1

|  | Number: Place Value (within 10) <br> Overview: <br> - Count objects up to 10 <br> - Count forwards and backwards within 10 <br> - Compare/order numbers up to 10 <br> - Write numbers to 10 as words |  |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 10) <br> Overview: <br> - Compose numbers to 10 from 2 parts, and partition numbers to 10 into parts using the part-whole model <br> - To read and write equations using the addition (+) and subtraction (-) symbols <br> - Know number bonds to 10 and use to derive subtract facts |  |  |  | Geometry: Shape <br> Overview: <br> - Recognise common 2-D and 3-D shapes in different orientations <br> - To know that 2D shapes and 3D shapes are not always similar to one another <br> - Compose 2D and 3D shapes from smaller shapes |  | Assessment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E <br> ¢ <br> ¢ <br> 5 |  |  |  | Assessments are carried out through daily formative assessment. <br> Pre- and post-learning tasks take place at the start and the end of every unit to assess children's progress. |  |  |
| 틍 | Number: Place valu (within 20) <br> Overview: <br> - Count forwards backwards within <br> - Reason about th location of numb 20 on a number <br> - Compare numbe 20 using < > = | Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 20) <br> Overview: <br> - Know number bonds to 20. <br> - To use to derive subtraction facts |  |  | Number: Place value within 50 <br> Overview: <br> - Partition tens and ones <br> - Compare numbers to 50 on a number line <br> - Count in tens |  | Measurement: Length and Height <br> Overview: <br> - Compare lengths and heights <br> - Measure using centimetres |  | Measurement: Mass and Volume <br> Overview: <br> - Compare massheavier/lighter <br> - Compare volumemore/less <br> - Compare capacity |  |
|  | Number: <br> Multiplication and Division <br> Overview: <br> - Count in $2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$ and 10s <br> - Make equal groups <br> - Double numbers to 10 |  | mber: Fractions <br> rview: <br> Make a half ind a half Make a quarter ind a quarter |  |  |  |  | Geom and <br> Overv <br> - Des <br> - De left for bac bel | ry: Position ction <br> w: <br> ibe turns ibe positionight, rds wards, above, | Number: Place Value (within 100) <br> Overview: <br> - Count forwards and backwards within 100 <br> - Count in 10 s to 100 <br> - Order/compare numbers to 100 <br> - Partition numbers to 100 |  | Measurement: <br> Money <br> Overview: <br> - Recognise coins and notes <br> - Count using coins | Measurement: Time <br> Overview: <br> - Days of week/ months of the year <br> - Time to the hour <br> - Time to half an hour |  |

## Year 2

|  | Number: Place Value <br> Overview: <br> - Recognise the value of each digit within a 2-digit number <br> - Decompose 2-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning <br> - Reason about the location of 2-digit numbers in a linear number system <br> - Find 10 more and 10 less |  | Number: Addition and Subtraction <br> Overview: <br> - Add and subtract across 10 <br> - Add and subtract 2-digit numbers across 10 <br> - Add and subtract only 1 s or 10 s from a 2 digit number <br> - Use related number facts to add and subtract <br> - Answer difference questions using 'How many more...?' |  |  | Geometry: Shape <br> Overview: <br> - Know names and properties of 2D shapes <br> - Know names and properties of 3D shapes <br> - Reason about similarities and differences between the properties of shapes |  | Assessment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Assessments are carried out through daily formative assessment. <br> Pre- and post-learning tasks take place at the start and the end of every unit to assess children's progress. |  |  |
|  | Measurement: Money <br> Overview: <br> - Count in pounds and pe <br> - Make the same amoun difference ways <br> - Find change <br> - Solve problems involvin | ce of money in money |  |  |  | Nu <br> Ov - | : Multiplication and Divisi <br> w: <br> nise repeated addition and s to multiplication within 0 -times tables <br> grouping problems where er of groups is unknown nown multiplication and dis oreason about unknown | w it 2, 5- <br> e <br> on <br> s | Number: Fract <br> Overview: <br> - Understand groups <br> - Find $1 / 2,1 / 2,1 / 3$ <br> - Recognise th 2/4 | t fractions are equal <br> of shapes and numbers quivalence between $1 / 2$ and | Children sit the PUMA test once a term to assess their current knowledge and to identify gaps in their learning. |
|  | Measurement: Time <br> Overview: <br> - Know o'clock and half past <br> - Know quarter past and quarter to <br> - Tell the time to the nearest 5 minutes | Measurement: and Height <br> Overview: <br> - Measure in centimetres <br> - Measure in m <br> - Compare heig |  | Measurement: Mass, <br> Capacity and <br> Temperature <br> Overview: <br> - Measure in grams and kilograms <br> - Measure in millilitres and litres <br> - Read temperature | Geom Direct <br> Overv <br> - De <br> - Des | ry: Position and n <br> w: <br> ibe movement ibe turns | Statistics <br> Overview: <br> - Draw and interpret tally charts <br> - Draw and interpret pictograms |  |

## Year 3



## Year 4



## Year 5



## Year 6



| Useful Resources for Supporting Your Child at Home: | Homework: |
| :--- | :--- |
| Maths \& Science resources I CPD courses I White Rose Education | Children practise times tables using TT Rockstars. |
| Times Tables Rock Stars - Times Tables Rock Stars (ttrockstars.com) | Parents can use videos and questions from the White Rose website to <br> support their children at home. |
| Maths - BBC Bitesize |  |
| Topmarks: teaching resources, interactive resources, worksheets, homework, exam and revision help |  |

