Primary Phase Long Term Plan





Overview

Religious Education at WHGS provides opportunities for pupils to explore big questions about life. It also allows them to find out what people believe and what difference this makes to how they live, so that pupils can make sense of religion, reflecting on their own ideas and ways of living.

There are six key principles that shape our curriculum intent in RE:

Entitlement – every pupil has the right to learn all aspects of the curriculum and this links to our rights to freedom of thought and religion.

Coherence – learning is built upon term by term, as well as year on year with reoccurring vertical concepts and key questions covering the major world religions.

Adaptability – our curriculum is adapted, where necessary, to suit the needs or interests of our pupils and our scheme, R.E. Today has a wealth of relevant links.

Representation – a diverse and inclusive curriculum is provided in which pupils see themselves reflected. **Mastery** – providing depth to learning.

Education with Character – opportunities to nurture pupils spiritual, moral, social, cultural (SMSC) needs are created – where possible with a special focus on an annual RE trip or visit form an outside speaker.

- A Long-Term Plan: This gives teachers an overview of the areas that are going to ensure National Curriculum coverage.
- **RE Today lesson plans:** To provide a cohesive and progressive curriculum.
- Knowledge Organisers: These are focused on the key vocabulary and concepts that will be taught.

Vertical Conce	pt Overview	
Vertical Concept	Definition	Units
Believing	This concept allows the children to explore different religious beliefs, teachings, and sources. It encourages them to question about meaning, purpose and truth. It is important that the children can recognise similarities in beliefs as well as differences between Key Religions and Humanist beliefs	Year 1: Who is a Christian and what do they believe? Year 2: Who is a Muslim and what do they believe? Who is Jewish and what do they believe? What can we learn from sacred books? Year 3: Why is the Bible important for Christians today? What do different people believe about God? Year 4: Why is Jesus inspiring to some people? Year 5: What would Jesus do? Why do some people believe God exists? Year 6: What do religions say to us when life gets hard?
Living	This concept concentrates on religious practices and ways of living and allows the children to explore key questions around values held by different religions and the commitments they practise. Again, it is important that similarities are made clear between Key religions and humanist beliefs	Year 1: What does it mean to belong to a faith community? Year 2: How should we care for others and the world? Year 3: What does it mean to be a Christian in Britain today? Year 4: What can we learn from religions about deciding what is right and wrong?

		How do family life and festivals show what matters to Jewish people? Year 5: What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today? Green religion? Year 6: What difference does it make to believe in Ahimsa (harmlessness), Grace (the generosity of God), and Ummah (community) What can be done to reduce racism? Can religion help?
Expressing	This concept allows children to explore religious forms of expression and encourages questions about identity and diversity. Again, focusing on links between Key religions and humanist beliefs.	Year 1: What makes some places sacred? How and why do we celebrate special and sacred times? Year 2: no expressing concept Year 3: Why do people pray? How do people from religious and non-religious communities celebrate key festivals? Year 4: Why are festivals important to religious communities? Why do some people think that life is a journey? What significant experiences mark this? Year 5: If God is everywhere, why go to a place of worship. Year 6: Is it better to express your religion in arts and architecture or in charity and generosity?

Early Years

	Nursery	Reception	Assessment
	Unit: Marvellous Me	Unit: Me and My World	 Individual and group observations
-	Begin to make sense of their own life- story and family's history.	Name and describe people who are familiar to them.	Formative assessments through
Autumn	Overview Collecting family pictures from Home Visits and families to complete an All About Me collage. Sharing family pictures in class and collages	Overview • Building on work done in Nursery but going into more detail about extended family and friends	observations or planned activities during every lesson including have a go hedgehog (group work and assessment), verbal
	Unit: It's getting Cold out here/Festivals.	Unit: My Heroes	interaction, and focus child
n 2	Know that there are differences between different individuals and families.	Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.	observations.
Autumn	Overview Collebration of activals	Overview	
Au	 Celebrating various festivals: Harvest, Diwali, Christmas and the Nativity story and 	 Talk about their celebrations. Build upon work done in Nursery but go into more detail about their 	
	HannukahLearning should be reflected in continuous provision.	personal experiencesLearning should be reflected in provision.	

	Nursery	Reception	Assessment
	Unit: On the move	Unit: Castles and Knights	Individual and group observations
Term 1	Talk about members of their immediate family and community.	Understand that some places are special to members of their community. Overview	 Formative assessments through observations
Spring Term	OverviewTalk about siblings, cousinsTalk about grandparentsDo they have Aunties, Uncles?	 Look at what building are special to their family and community What do they use those buildings for? 	or planned activities during every lesson including have a go hedgehog (group
	Unit: On the farm	Unit: Spring in our step	work and assessment), verbal
2	Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people.	Developing positive attitudes towards people and environment and animals	interaction, and focus children observations.
erm	Overview	Overview	
Spring Term	 Talking about extended family: grandparents, cousins and how they spend their time. Who do they visit, how do they get there? What do they do in their community? Looking at jobs of their family members 	 Bug hunts – how we look after insects What do Christians and Muslims say about looking after animals 	

	Nursery	Reception	Assessment
-	Unit: Once upon a time	Unit: Where we live	Individual and group observations
Term	Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people.	Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people	Formative assessments through observations or
Summer	Overview Look at the differences/similarities between characters in fairytales and make connections with our families.	Overview Round up of festivals and what they believe in and how their community celebrates them.	planned activities during every lesson including have a go hedgehog (group
Term 2	Unit: Creatures great and small Look at how different religions say we should care for animals.	Unit: Science Detectives Look at how different religions say we should look after our environment. Overview	work and assessment), verbal interaction, and focus child observations.
Summer T	Overview Think about how we care for animals. Why it is important to care for animals and what do their family believe	 Building upon what is done in the nursery look at how we care for our environment. Share Christian and stories from Islam about how those religions our environment. 	

Key Stage One

	Year 1	Year 2	Assessment
	Unit/ Key Question : Who is a Christian and what do they believe?	Unit/ Key Question : Who is a Muslim and what do they believe?	 Formative assessments during every lesson include:
7	Vertical Concept: Believing	Vertical Concept: Believing	Review, verbal feedback, a range of
Autumn Term 1	Religion and World View taught in this unit: Christianity	Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit: Muslims	questioning techniques and mini whiteboard tasks.
Autı	Overview:	Overview	
	Understand who Christians are and what they believe. Typlore agence Piblo	 Explore stories from Islam Calligraphy and 99 names of Allah 	
	 Explore some Bible stories/parables. 	Call to prayer	
	Unit/ Key Question : Who is a Christian and what do they believe?	Unit/ Key Question: Who is a Muslim and what do they believe?	
2	Vertical Concept: Believing	Vertical Concept: Believing	
Autumn Term 2	Religion and World View taught in this unit: Christianity	Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit: Muslims	
Aut	Overview:	Overview:	
	How they prayHow they feel the world was created	Revelation of holy Qu'Precious objects and their importance	
		Ramadan and Eid	

	Year 1	Year 2	Assessment
	Unit/ Key Question: What makes some places sacred?	Unit/ Key Question : Who is Jewish and what do they believe?	Formative assessments during every lesson including:
_	Vertical Concept: Expressing	Vertical Concept: Believing	Review, verbal feedback, a range of
E	Religions and Worldviews taught in	Religions and Worldviews taught in	questioning
յg Ter	this unit: Christians, Muslims and/or Jewish people	this unit: Jewish	techniques and mini whiteboard tasks.
Spring		Overview	
S	Overview	 What is precious to Jewish people? 	
	Special Places	Explore the Shabbat	
	Why people pray	Explore miracles.	
		What does Thanksgiving?	
		Mean to different people.	

	Unit/ Key Question: How and why do we celebrate special and sacred	Unit/ Key Question: Who is Jewish and what do they believe?	
	times?	Vertical Concept: Believing	
2	Vertical Concept: Expressing	Religions and Worldviews taught in	
Term :	Religions and Worldviews	this unit: Jewish faith	
Tel	taught in this unit:		
<u></u>	Christians, Jewish people and Muslims	Overview	
Spring ⁻		What is Chanukah?	
S	Overview	What are miracles and why they are	
	What are key features of a	important to the Jewish religion	
	celebration e.g. food, clothes	 How is Chanukah is celebrated? 	
	Easter		
	Passover		
	• Eid		

	Year 1	Year 2	Assessment
	Unit/ Key Question: What does it mean to belong to a faith community?	Unit/ Key Question : What can we learn from sacred books?	 Formative assessments during every lesson includes:
	Vertical Concept: Living	Vertical Concept: Believing	Review, verbal feedback, a range of
	Religions and Worldviews taught in	Religions and Worldviews taught in	questioning
	this unit: Muslims, Christians, Sikh and	this unit: Christians, Muslims, Jewish	techniques and mini
_	Jewish faith	faith, Sikhism.	whiteboard tasks.
Summer Term			
F	Overview	Overview	
ne	Where do they belong?	What are sacred texts?	
Ē	What is a community?	 Teachings of Jesus 	
Su	How do you know you belong to a	 Stories of Exodus, Black Stone and 	
	community?	Jonah	
	What does it mean to belong to the	Guru Granth Sahib	
	Sikh Community?		
	What festivals and beliefs are unique		
	to Sikhs?		
	How do you become part of a		
	community. E.g., Baptism		

Unit/ Key Question: What does it mean to belong to a faith community?

Vertical Concept: Living

Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit: Muslims, Christians and Jewish faith

Overview

- What festivals are unique to your community?
- What does it mean to belong to the Sikh Community?
- What festivals and beliefs are unique | Key figures: Mother Teresa and Dr. to Sikhs?
- How do you become part of a community. E.g., Baptism

Unit/ Key Question: How should we care for others and the world, and why does it matter?

Vertical Concept: Living

Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit: Christians and Jewish people

Overview

- Focus on Christian and Jewish faiths
- Teaching of Jesus and Good Samaritan
- Charity
- Barnardo

Lower Key Stage Two

	Year 3	Year 4	Assessment
	Unit/ Key Question : Why is the Bible important for Christians today?	Unit/ Key Question: What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?	Formative assessments during every lesson include:
	Vertical Concept: Believing	Vertical Concept: Living	Review, verbal feedback, a range of
Autumn Term 1	Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit: Christians	Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit: Hinduism	questioning techniques and mini whiteboard tasks.
ı m	Overview	Overview	William Cara tacks.
\utr	Overview of special/sacred books	What Hindus believe in?	
1	from different religions	Connections, aims and duties.	
	Look at bible in detail.Commandments	Importance of GandiWhat is Karma?	
	Commandments	What is Karma? What is it like to be a Hindu in Britain	
		today.	
	Unit/ Key Question : Why is the Bible important for Christians today?	Unit/ Key Question : Why are festivals important to religious communities?	
	Vertical Concept: Believing	Vertical Concept: Expressing	
'm 2	Religions and Worldviews taught in	Religions and Worldviews taught in	
Autumn Term	this unit are: Christians	this unit are: Christians, Hindus, Jews, Sikh and	
E	Overview	Muslims	
utn	Prophecies		
⋖	Humanity	Overview	
	Creation	Importance of Easter	
		Diwali – Hindu and Sikhs	
		Ramadan and Eid - MuslimPesach – Jewish festival	
		• resacri – Jewish Testivat	

	Year 3	Year 4	Assessment
	Unit/ Key Question : What does it mean to be a Christian in Britain today?	Unit/ Key Question: Why is Jesus inspiring to some people?	Formative assessments during every lesson include:
	Vertical Concept: Living	Vertical Concept: Believing	Review, verbal feedback, a range of
	Religions and Worldviews taught in	Religions and Worldviews taught in	questioning
7	this unit: Christianity	this unit: Christianity	techniques and mini whiteboard tasks.
J.	Overview	Overview	
Spring Term	How Christians express their beliefs	• Importance is a miracle.	
Ë	at home	How is Jesus important today?	
Sp	 How they express their beliefs at 	How does Jesus make Christians	
	church	strong?	
	Explore place of music in worship		
	Holy communion		
	How do Christians contribute to the		
	community		
	How do Christians fight for their		
	religion		

	Unit/ Key Question: What do different	Unit/ Key Question: What can we	
	people believe about God?	learn from religions about deciding	
		what is right and wrong?	
	Vertical Concept: Believing		
		Vertical Concept: Living	
	Religions and Worldviews taught in		
n 2	this unit: Christians, Hindus, or	Religions and Worldviews taught in	
ern	Muslims	this unit: Christians, Jewish people,	
g T		non-religious people (e.g., Humanist)	
ring	Overview		
Spring Term	• How Christians express their religion	Overview	
	at home	Concept of Golden Rules	
	 How they express it in their church 	10 Commandments	
	 How they express it through music 	Humanist view	
	 Special events: Holy communion 	Temptation	
	 How/why Christians fight for their 		
	religion.		

	Year 3	Year 4	Assessment
	Unit/ Key Question : Why do people pray?	Unit/ Key Question: How do family life and festivals show what matters to Jewish people?	Formative assessments during every lesson include:
	Vertical Concept: Expressing	·	Review, verbal
	Religions and Worldviews taught in	Vertical Concept: Living	feedback, a range of
	this unit: Hindus, Christians, and	Religions and Worldviews taught in	questioning techniques and mini
	Muslims	this unit: Jewish people	whiteboard tasks.
	Overview	Overview	
	What prayer is and is it helpful?	What do Jewish people celebrate	
	Islamic prayer	weekly?	
	Christian prayer	Rosh Hashanah	
Ε	Hindu prayer	Yom kipper	
Ter	Reflection	Pesach	
Je.	Compare and contrast all.		
Summer Term	Unit/ Key Question: How do people	Unit/ Key Question: Why do some	
Sull	from religious and non-religious	people think that life is a journey?	
	communities celebrate key festivals?	What significant experiences mark this?	
	Vertical Concept: Expressing	11115 :	
		Vertical Concept: Expressing	
	Religions and Worldviews taught in		
	this unit: Christians, Jewish, Sikh and	Religions and Worldviews taught in	
	non-religious worldviews	this unit: Christians, Hindus and/or	
	.	Jewish people	
	Overview	Overview	
	 How people celebrate key festivals and why 	What is a journey?	
	Focus on Christmas	Baptism	
	Focus on at least 2 Sikh festivals	Marriage	
	and compare them to other Key	 Compare journeys of Hindus, 	
	festivals.	Christians and Jews.	

Upper Key Stage Two

	Year 5	Year 6	Assessment
Autumn Term 1	Unit/ Key Question : What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?	Unit/ Key Question: What can be done to reduce racism? Can religion help?	 Formative assessments during every lesson include:
	Vertical Concept: Living Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit: Muslim	Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit : Sikhism, Christians, Hindu, Muslim, and non-religious worldviews.	Review, verbal feedback, a range of questioning techniques and mini whiteboard tasks.
	 Overview What helps Muslims through the journey of life Key Beliefs Prayer 	Overview What is racism and study examples. Religious scriptures from all key religions (including Sikhism)	
	Unit/ Key Question: What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?	Unit/ Key Question: What can be done to reduce racism? Can religion help? Vertical Concept: Living	
21	Vertical Concept: Living	Volticat Colleape. Living	
ımn Term 2	Religions and Worldviews taught. in this unit: Muslim	Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit: Christians, Hindu, Muslim, and non-religious worldviews.	
Aut		Overview	
	-		
	Pilgrimage	How we can be more tolerant	
Autumn Term 2	Religions and Worldviews taught. in this unit: Muslim Overview Overview Charity Fasting	 unit: Christians, Hindu, Muslim, and non-religious worldviews. Overview Promote kindness and justice What can we learn from Colston and Wesley – stories and statues 	

	Year 5	Year 6	Assessment
	Unit/ Key Question: If God is everywhere, why go to a place of worship?	Unit/ Key Question What difference does it make to believe in Ahimsa (harmlessness), Grace (the generosity of God), and Ummah (community)?	 Formative assessments during every lesson include: Review, verbal feedback, a range
	Vertical Concept: Expressing	Vertical Concept: Living	
7	Religions and Worldviews taught in	Policions and Warldviews tought in	of questioning
Term	this unit : Christians, Hindus, Sikh and Jewish people.	Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit: Christians, Muslims, Sikh and Hindus.	techniques and mini whiteboard tasks.
Spring	Overview	and i midds.	lasks.
Sp	What are places of worship	Overview	
	Compare Christian places	Key beliefs from key religions	
	 Look at Hindu temples 	including Sikhism	
	 Jewish synagogues 	Muslim belief of Ummah	
	Sikh Gurdwara	Hindu belief of Ahimsa	
	 How all these places help us to connect with God 	Jesus's teachings of forgiveness	

	Unit/ Key Question: What would Jesus do? Can people live by the values of	Unit/ Key Question: What do religions say to us when life gets hard?	
	Jesus in the twenty-first century?		
		Vertical Concept: Believing	
	Vertical Concept: Believing		
m 2		Religions and Worldviews taught in	
	Religions and Worldviews taught in	this unit: Christians, Hindus, Sikhs	
Term	this unit: Christianity	and non-religious responses (e.g.	
ng.		Humanists)	
pring	Overview		
S	What would Jesus do?	Overview	
	 Explore Jesus's teaching 	 Different views of death 	
	Consider Christian ideas about love	Hindu Karma and reincarnation	
	 Explore parables of forgiveness 	Christian beliefs	
	 Jesus's teachings of justice and 	Sikh beliefs	
	fairness		

	Year 5	Year 6	Assessment
	Unit/ Key Question: Why do some people believe God exists?	Unit/ Key Question: Is it better to express your religion in arts and architecture or in charity and	Formative assessments during every lesson include:
Summer Term 1		generosity? Vertical Concept: Expressing	Review, verbal feedback, a range of questioning
	this unit: Christian, Sikh and Humanists	Religions and Worldviews taught in	techniques and mini whiteboard tasks.
Summer	Overview What do Christians think?	this unit: Christians, Muslims, and non-religious, e.g., Humanists	
	 How do we know what is true? Creation Why do some people believe God does not exist? 	Overview What makes a place sacred How Muslims express Islamic beliefs in art, calligraphy, and poetry	
2	Unit/ Key Question: Green religion? How and why should religious communities do more to care for the Earth?	Unit/ Key Question: Is it better to express your religion in arts and architecture or in charity and generosity?	
	Vertical Concept: Living	Vertical Concept: Expressing	
Summer Town		Religions and Worldviews taught in this unit: Christians, Muslims, and non-religious, e.g., Humanists	
2	Overview Who earth belongs to	Overview • How Christians express their beliefs	
	Muslim View Christian View	in art etc • Debate: which is more important:	
	Hindu ViewJewish ViewSikh view	art/architecture or generosity and charity	

Useful Resources for Supporting Your Child at Home:	Homework ideas:
These websites have video and information about all world religions that your child will be studying. https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/subjects/z7hs34j	 Children could contribute to the RE floor book by bringing in photos celebrating certain festival or carrying out traditions linked to their religion. Set research for them to complete at home.
http://www.natre.org.uk/about-natre/free-resources-for-you-and-your-pupils/	 They could do a video clip of a special/sacred place they visit. They could bring in a special artefact to talk about.
https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/religions-of-the-world/zfxwpg8	